INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF HJT Education Private Limited

Report on the Financial Statements

1. We have audited the accompanying financial statements of IIJT Education Private Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

2. The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements to give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
- 4. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder including the accounting standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report.
- 5. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act and other applicable authoritative pronouncements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and pronouncements require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.
- 6. An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view, in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP, 252, Veer Savarkar Marg, Shivaji Park, Dadar (West) Mumbai - 400 028

T: +91 (22) 66691500, F: +91 (22) 66547804 / 07

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT To the Members of IIJT Education Private Limited Report on the Financial Statements Page 2 of 3

7. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statement.

Opinion

8. In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2016, and its profit and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 9. As required by 'the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016', issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act (hereinafter referred to as the "Order"), and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 10. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact, if any, of pending litigations as at March 31, 2016, on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 23;



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT To the Members of IIJT Education Private Limited Report on the Financial Statements Page 3 of 3

- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts as at March 31, 2016.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2016.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/ N500016 Chartered Accountants

Arvind Daga Partner

Membership Number: 108290

Place: Bangalore Date: May 23, 2016

Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 10 (f) of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of IIJT Education Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

Page 1 of 2

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

1. We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of IIJT Education Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

2. The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

- 3. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.
- Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.
- 5. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.



Annexure A to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 10 (f) of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of IIJT Education Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

Page 2 of 2

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

6. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

8. In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016 Chartered Accountants

Arvind Daga

Partner

Membership Number: 108290

Place: Bangalore Date: May 23, 2016

Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 9 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of IIJT Education Private Limited on the financial statements as of and for the year ended March 31, 2016

- The Company doesn't have any fixed asset. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(i) of the said i. Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The Company is in the business of rendering services, and consequently, does not hold any ii. inventory. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(ii) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited iii. Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iii), (iii)(a), (iii)(b) and (iii)(c) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not granted any loans or made any investments, or provided any guarantees or iv. security to the parties covered under Section 185 and 186. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(iv) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the meaning of Sections 73, ν. 74, 75 and 76 of the Act and the Rules framed there under to the extent notified.
- The Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records under subvi. section (1) of Section 148 of the Act for any of the products of the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues in respect of Income Tax, Service Tax and Professional Tax, though there has been a slight delay in a few cases, and is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including provident fund and other material statutory dues, as applicable, with the appropriate authorities.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the particulars of dues of income tax as at March 31, 2016 which have not been deposited on account of a dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount (Rs.)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	2,284,370	Assessment Year 2011-12	CIT (Appeals)
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	960,076	Assessment Year 2013-14	CIT (Appeals)
Kolkata Municipal Corporation Act, 1880	Property Tax	3,416,100	October 01, 2014 to March 31, 2016	The High Court of Calcutta



Annexure B to Independent Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 9 of the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of IIJT Education Private Limited on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2016
Page 2 of 2

- viii. As the Company does not have any loans or borrowings from any financial institution or bank or Government, nor has it issued any debentures as at the balance sheet date, the provisions of Clause 3(viii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ix. The Company has not raised any monies by way of initial public offer, further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(ix) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- x. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, we have neither come across any instance of material fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such case by the Management.
- xi. The Company has not paid or provided for managerial remuneration during the year. Accordingly the said of Clause 3(xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xii. As the Company is not a Nidhi Company and the Nidhi Rules, 2014 are not applicable to it, the provisions of Clause 3(xii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. The Company has entered into transactions with related parties in compliance with the provisions of Section 188 of the Act. The details of such related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required under Accounting Standard (AS) 18, Related Party Disclosures specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Further, the Company is not required to constitute an Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Act, and accordingly, to this extent, the provisions of Clause 3(xiii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiv. The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xiv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xv) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration Number: 012754N/N500016 Chartered Accountants

Arvind Daga

Membership Number: 108290

Place: Bangalore Date: May 23, 2016

IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016

baldice Sheet as at March 31, 2010		As at	As at
	Note	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
		Rupees	Rupees
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholders' Funds			
Share Capital	3	80,000,000	80,000,000
Reserves and Surplus	4	(65,798,653)	(70,942,809)
Current Liabilities			
Short Term Borrowings	5	12,760,574	19,206,426
Trade Payables			
 Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small 			_
enterprises		:=:	5
 Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises 	6	341,048	169,748
Other Current Liabilities	- 7	2,679,802	2,454,430
Short Term Provisions	8	33,396	33,396
Total		30,016,167	30,921,191
II. ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Fixed Assets	9		
Tangible Assets		51 4 5	±9
Intangible Assets		38	i#.0
Long term Loans and Advances	10	3,310,630	3,534,550
Other Non Current Assets	11		(*)
Current Assets			
Trade Receivables	12	20,235	355,519
Cash and Bank Balances	13	3,879,754	4,155,283
Short Term Loans and Advances	14	593,351	581,123
Other Current Assets	15	22,212,197	22,294,716
Tota	l	30,016,167	30,921,191

Significant Accounting Policies

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP

Firm Registration No. - 012754N/N500016

Arvind Daga

Partner

Membership No: 108290

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director

DIN: 00151814

Shilpa Avarsekar

Director

DIN: 00005597

Vishwanathan Venkataraman

V. vien anaha

Company Secretary

CSN: 7078

Place : Bangalore Date : May 23, 2016

Place : Bangalore Date : May 23, 2016

IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

	Note	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
Revenue Other Income	16	6,959,644	4,614,195
Total Revenue	·-	6,959,644	4,614,195
Expenses Employee Benefits Expense Depreciation Expense Other Expenses	17 18 19	430,400 - 1,385,088	469,538 401,927 2,816,675
Total Expenses	÷	1,815,488	3,688,140
Profit before Tax		5,144,156	926,055
Tax Expense		-	
Profit for the year		5,144,156	926,055
Earnings Per Equity Share (Nominal Value per Equity share - Rs 10) Basic and Diluted	20	0.64	0.12
Significant Accounting Policies The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Fina	2 ncial Staten	nents.	~

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Firm Registration No. - 012754N/N500016

Arvind Daga

Partner

Membership No: 108290

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

V. Whomana

Director

DIN: 00151814

Shilpa Avarsekar

Director

DIN: 00005597

Vishwanathan Venkataraman

Company Secretary

CSN: 7078

Place : Bangalore Date : May 23, 2016

Place : Bangalore Date : May 23, 2016

IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2016

		For the year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
A	Cash flow from operating activities: Net profit before tax	5,144,156	926,055
	Adjustments for: Depreciation expense Interest on Fixed Deposits Provision for doubtful debts no longer required written back Sundry balances no longer required written back Bad debts written off (less related provision for doubtful debts written back)	(43,400) (2,696,652) (19,592) 335,284	401,927 (86,663) (238,480) (89,052)
	Operating profit before working capital changes	2,719,796	913,787
	Adjustment for changes in working capital: (Decrease) in other non-current liabilities Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables Increase in other current liabilities Decrease in long term loans and advances Decrease in trade receivables (Increase) in short term loans and advances (Increase) in other current assets Decrease / (Increase) in other bank balances	171,300 225,372 480,260 2,716,244 (12,228)	(2,100,000) (156,739) 2,136,434 979,872 139,544 (462,220) (22,172,795) (28,830)
	Cash generated from / (used in) Operations Taxes (paid)	6,300,744 (256,340)	(20,750,947) (271,086)
	Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities (A)	6,044,404	(21,022,033)
В	Cash flow from investing activities:		
	Proceeds from Fixed deposits Interest received on fixed deposit Reclassification from fixed asset to other current assets Net cash generated from investing activities (B)	454,618 125,919 580,537	281,040 73,177 22,172,795 22,527,012
С	Cash flow from financing activities : Repayment of short term borrowings	(6,445,852)	(1,281,925)
	Net cash (used in) financing activities (C)	(6,445,852)	(1,281,925)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	179,089	223,054
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	3,600,665	3,377,611
	Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,779,754	3,600,665
	Cash and cash equivalents comprises of: Cash on Hand Balances with Banks In Fixed Deposit Accounts In Current Accounts Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	3,779,754 3,779,754	3,600,665 3,600,665

- 1 The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Accounting Standard-3 on "Cash Flow Statements".
- 2 Figures in the bracket indicate cash outgo / income.
- 3 Previous year's figures have been regrouped and re-arranged wherever necessary to conform to the current period's classification.
- 4 The accompanying notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration No. - 012754N/N500016

Arvind Daga

Membership No: 108290

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director DIN: 00151814

Shilpa Avarsekar Director DIN: 00005597

V. Viluanano

Vishwanathan Venkataraman Company Secretary CSN: 7078

Place : Bangalore Date : May 23, 2016

Place | Bangalore Date : May 23, 2016

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016.

1. General Information

IIJT Education Private Limited ("the Company") was incorporated to be in the business of imparting specialised vocation courses/training in three different formats viz. Retail Learning Solution, Corporate training and Institutional training Solutions. The Company is wholly owned subsidiary of TeamLease Services Limited ("TeamLease"). As at April 1, 2010 the Retail Learning Solution business of the Company was de-merged with TeamLease pursuant to an order of the Mumbai High court. With effect from April 1, 2012, the company divested the Corporate and Institutional Training Division (C&IT) Business to TeamLease.

2. Summary of Significant accounting policies

a) Basis of preparation:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost convention on accrual basis. Pursuant to Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies Accounts Rules, 2014 till the Standards of Accounting or any addendum thereto are prescribed by Central Government in consultation with and after examination of the National Financial Reporting Authority, the existing Accounting Standards notified under the Companies Act, 1956 shall continue to apply. Consequently, these financial statements have been prepared to comply with all material aspects with the Accounting Standards notified under Section 211(3C) of the Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules, 2006, as amended and other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of services and the time between the rendering of services and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non current classification of assets and liabilities.

b) Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as on the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reported period. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which results are known or materialized.

c) Tangible Assets:

Tangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent expenditures related to an item of fixed asset are added to its book value only if they increase the future benefits from the existing asset beyond its previously assessed standard of performance.

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Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Items of fixed assets that have been retired from active use or held for disposal are stated at the lower of their net book value and net realizable value and are shown separately in the financial statements. Any expected loss is recognized immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Losses arising from retirement of, and gains or losses arising from disposal of fixed assets which are carried at cost are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Depreciation is provided on a pro-rata basis on the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets prescribed under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. The residual value of all assets is assumed as zero based on historical trend of the Company. Leasehold Improvements are amortized over the period of lease. Assets costing less than Rs. 5,000 are fully depreciated in the year of acquisition.

d) Intangible assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible Assets are recognised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to assets will flow to the enterprise and the cost of the assets can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are amortised on a straight line basis over their estimated future lives. A rebuttable presumption that the useful life of an intangible asset will not exceed ten year from the date when the asset is available for use is considered by the management. The amortization period and the amortization method are reviewed at each financial year end and if the expected useful life of the asset is significantly different from previous estimates, the amortization period is changed accordingly.

Gains or losses arising from the retirement or disposal of an intangible asset are determined as the difference between the net proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and recognised as income or expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

e) Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs include interest and amortization of ancillary costs incurred in connection with the arrangement of borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost.

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that take a substantial period of time to get ready for their use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

f) Impairment of Assets:

Assessment is done at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an asset (tangible or intangible) may be impaired. For the purpose of assessing impairment, the smallest identifiable group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash flows from other assets or groups of assets, is considered as a cash generating unit. If

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Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016.

any such indication exists, an estimate of the recoverable amount of the asset/cash generating unit is made. Assets whose carrying value exceeds their recoverable amount are written down to the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is higher of an asset's or cash generating unit's net selling price and its value in use. Value in use is the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to arise from the continuing use of the asset and its disposal at the end of its useful life. Assessment is done at each balance sheet date as to whether there is any indication that an impairment loss recognized for an asset in prior accounting periods may no longer exist or may have decreased.

g) Foreign Currency Transactions:

On initial recognition, all transactions in foreign currencies are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the reporting currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction.

As at the reporting date, non-monetary items which are carried in terms of historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. All non-monetary items which are carried at fair value or other similar valuation denominate din foreign currency are reported using the exchange rates that existed when the values were determined.

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currency are restated at the end of accounting period. Exchange differences on restatement of all other monetary items are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

h) Revenue Recognition:

Other Income:

- Interest income on fixed deposits is recognized on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the rate applicable.
- Rental income is accounted on accrual basis as per the terms of the agreement. Rent equalization is considered only if the agreement is noncancellable for more than one year and the incremental rent is fixed over the term of the agreement.
- Net Income excludes Service Tax and Value Added Tax (VAT).

i) Employee Benefits:

i. Provident Fund

Contribution as required by the Statute made to the Government Provident Fund is debited to the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company has a defined contribution plan for post-employment benefits in the form of Provident Fund. Under the Provident Fund Plan, the Company contributes to a Government administered provident fund on behalf of the employees. The Company has no further obligation beyond making the contributions. Contributions to Provident Fund are made in accordance with the statute, and are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.







Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016.

ii. Compensated absences

The employees of the Company are entitled for compensated absences and leave encashment as per the policy of the Company. The liability in respect of unutilised leave balance that accrues to employees as at the year-end is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an undiscounted basis.

j) Taxes on Income:

Tax expense for the period, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the period.

- i. Current tax is determined as the amount of tax expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the taxation laws prevailing in the respective jurisdictions. Current tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount and there is an intention to settle the assets and the liabilities on a net basis.
- ii. Deferred tax is recognised, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax asset, on timing difference being the difference between taxable incomes and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods. In situations where the Company has unabsorbed depreciation or carry forward tax losses, all deferred tax assets are recognized in books of accounts only to the extent that there is virtual certainty supported by convincing evidence that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised by the Company. Deferred Tax assets and liabilities are measured using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. At each Balance Sheet date, the Company re-assesses unrecognised deferred tax assets, if any. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to set off assets against liabilities representing the current tax and where the deferred tax and liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

k) Provisions and Contingent Liabilities:

<u>Provisions:</u> Provisions are recognised when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date and are not discounted to its present value.

Contingent Liabilities: Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Mumbai



Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016.

Leases:

Leases where the lessor effectively retains substantially all the risks and benefits of ownership of the leased item, are classified as operating leases. Operating lease payments/ receipts are recognised as an expense/ income in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

m) Earnings Per Share:

The Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the reporting year. Earnings considered in ascertaining the Company's earnings per share is the net profit for the period after deducting preference dividends and any attributable tax thereto for the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period and for all periods presented is adjusted for events, such as bonus shares, other than the conversion of potential equity shares that have changed the number of equity shares outstanding, without a corresponding change in resources. For the purpose of calculating Diluted earnings per share the net profit for the year attributable to equity shareholders and weighted average number of shares outstanding during the reporting year is adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

n) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

In the Cash Flow Statement, Cash and cash an equivalent includes cash in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.







Chamered Account

IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

3 SHARE CAPITAL

As at As at March 31, 2016 March 31, 2015 Rupees Rupees

Authorised

10,000,000 Equity shares of Rs. 10 each

100,000,000 100,000,000

Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up

100,000,000

100,000,000

80,000,000

80,000,000

8,000,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up

80,000,000 80,000,000

3.1 Reconciliation of number of shares

Particulars	As at Marci	h 31, 2016	As at March :	31, 2015
	Number of	Amount	Number of	Amount
	Shares	Rupees	Shares	Rupees
As at the beginning and at the end of the year	8,000,000	80,000,000	8,000,000	80,000,000

3.2 Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each shareholder is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

3.3 Shares held by the Holding Company

	As at Marci	31, 2016	As at March	31, 2015
Name of the Shareholder	Number of	Amount	Number of	Amount
TeamLease Services Limited and its Nominee	8,000,000	80,000,000	8,000,000	80,000,000
Total	8,000,000	80,000,000	8,000,000	80,000,000

3.4 Details of shares held by the shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company.

	As at Marc	h 31, 2016	As at March	31, 2015
Name of the Shareholder	Number of Shares	% holding	Number of Shares	% holding
TeamLease Services Limited and its Nominee	8,000,000	100%	8,000,000	100%
Total	8,000,000	100%	8,000,000	100%

- 3.5 There are no shares reserved for issue under options.
- There are no shares allotted as fully paid up pursuant to contact(s) without payment being received in cash during the period of five years Immediately preceding the year ended March 31, 2016.
- 3.7 There are no shares bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the year ended March 31, 2016.
- 3.8 There are no securities that are convertible into equity / preference shares.

4 RESERVES AND SURPLUS	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
Securities Premium Account Balance as at the Beginning and End of the year	224,813,740	224,813,740
Deficit in Statement of Profit and Loss Balance as at the Beginning of the year Less: Transfer from General Reserve Add: Profit for the year	(295,756,549) - 5,144,156	(336,300,505) 39,617,901 926,055
Balance as at the End of the year	(290,612,393)	(295,756,549)
Total	(65,798,653)	(70,942,809)





IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

SHORT TERM BORROWINGS	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
Unsecured Loan from Holding Company#	12,760,574	19,206,426
Total	12,760,574	19,206,426
# The Loan taken from the Holding Company is interest free loan and is repayable on	demand,	
TRADE PAYABLES	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
Trade payables (other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises) (Refer Note - 28)	341,048	169,748
Total	341,048	169,748
OTHER CURRENT LYABILITIES	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
Employees Benefits Payable Statutory Dues * Other Llabilities Security Deposit	18,000 72,068 489,734 2,100,000	63,000 3,568 287,862 2,100,000
Total	2,679,802	2,454,430
	Unsecured Loan from Holding Company# Total # The Loan taken from the Holding Company is interest free loan and is repayable on TRADE PAYABLES Trade payables (other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises) (Refer Note - 28) Total OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Employees Benefits Payable Statutory Dues * Other Liabilities Security Deposit	Unsecured Loan from Holding Company# Total # The Loan taken from the Holding Company is interest free loan and is repayable on demand. TRADE PAYABLES As at March 31, 2016 Rupees Trade payables (other than Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises) (Refer Note - 28) Total OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES Employees Benefits Payable Statutory Dues * Other Liabilities Other Liabilities Security Deposit As at March 31, 2016 Rupees 18,000 72,068 489,734 501 501 501 501 501 501 501 501 501 501

* There are no amounts due and outstanding to be provided to the Investor Education and Protection Fund under section 205C of Companies Act, 1956 as at the year end.

8 SHORT TERM PROVISIONS

As at As at March 31, 2016 March 31, 2015 Rupees Rupees <u>Provision for Employee Benefits</u> Leave Encashment (Refer Note 22(a)) 33,396 33,396 33,396 33,396 Total





IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

10	LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
	<u>Unsecured</u> , <u>considered good (unless otherwise stated)</u>		·
	Other loans and advances CENVAT Credit Receivable Tax Deducted at Source	561,142 2,749,488	1,041,402 2,493,148
	Total	3,310,630	3,534,550
11	OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Long Term Trade Receivables Unsecured considered doubtful Less : Provision for Doubtful Trade Receivables	168,210 (168,210)	2,880,864 (2,880,864)
	Total	-	
12	TRADE RECEIVABLES Unsecured, considered good Outstanding for a period exceeding 6 months from the date they	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
	are due for payment	20,235	355,519
	Total	20,235	355,519
13	CASH AND BANK BALANCES	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
	(a) Cash And Cash Equivalents Balances with banks		
	Current Accounts	3,779,754	3,600,665
	(b) Other Bank Balances Fixed Deposits Accounts (Maturity more than 12 months but within one year from the reporting date)#	100,000	554,618
	Total	3,879,754	4,155,283
	# Fixed deposit of Rs. NIL and (Previous year Rs.73,578) is under lien with IDBI Bank	c Limited towards Bank	Guarantee.

14	SHORT TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Unsecured, considered good (unless otherwise stated)		
	Advances recoverable in Cash or in kind or for value to be received	29,160	29,160
	Provision for doubtful advances	(29,160)	(29,160)
	Prepaid Expenses	5,351	4,603
	CENVAT Credit Receivable	588,000	576,520
	Total	593,351	581,123
15	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
		39,402	121,921
	Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits	,	· ·
2	Building held for Sale *	22,172,795	22,172,795
	Total	22,212,197	22,294,716
		-	





IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

Notes to the rinan 9 FIXED ASSETS

		GROSS	GROSS BLOCK		DE	PRECIATION	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	Z	NET BLOCK
01	As at 01-Apr-2015	Additions for the Year	Deletions/ Adjustments	As at 31-Mar-2016	As at 01-Apr-2015	For the year	For the year On Deletions/ Adjustments	As at 31-Mar-2016	As at 31-Mar-2016
Building *			•	i.	100;	(M)	93 1		1
Total				•	•		1		•
10	As at 01-Apr-2014	Additions for the Year	Deletions/ Adjustments	As at 31-Mar-2015	As at 01-Apr-2014	For the year	For the year On Deletions/ Adjustments	As at 31-Mar-2015	As at 31-Mar-2015
Building *	25,495,100		25,495,100	ı	2,920,378	401,927	3,322,305.00	9	i)a
Total	25,495,100		25,495,100		2,920,378	401,927	3,322,305		
le Assets									NOO IG FUN
		GROSS	GROSS BLOCK		ō	EPRECIATION	DEPRECIATION / AMORITSALION	2	NEI BLUCK

Intangible Assets						THE PARTY OF THE P	ANADITICATION /	- NI	NET BI OCK
		GROS	GROSS BLOCK		DE	PRECIATION	DEPRECIALION / AMORTISALION		NEI BEGGR
	Ac at	Additions for	Deletions/	As at	As at	For the year	For the year On Deletions/	As at	As at
	01-Apr-2015	the Year	Adjustments	31-Mar-2016	01-Apr-2015		Adjustments	31-Mar-2016	31-Mar-2016
Goodwill	26,322,380	¥	1	26,322,380	26,322,380	(E 1 1))(*	26,322,380	ī
Total	26,322,380		£	26,322,380	26,322,380	•		26,322,380	ı
		SORD	GROSS BLOCK		DE	PRECIATION	DEPRECIATION / AMORTISATION	N	NET BLOCK
	As at 01-Apr-2014	Additions for the Year	Deletions/ Adjustments	As at 31-Mar-2015	As at 01-Apr-2014	For the year	For the year On Deletions/ Adjustments	As at 31-Mar-2015	As at 31-Mar-2015
Goodwill	26,322,380	В	1	26,322,380	26,322,380	ì		26,322,380)(•
Total	26,322,380	-	•	26,322,380	26,322,380	•	1	26,322,380	1

 $[\]boldsymbol{\ast}$ Building is given on operating lease with effect from March 10, 2014,





IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

16	OTHER INCOME		For the year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Interest on Fixed Deposits Provision for Doubtful debts no longer required Written Back Sundry balances no longer required written back Rental Income		43,400 2,696,652 19,592 4,200,000	86,663 238,480 89,052 4,200,000
	Total	=	6,959,644	4,614,195
17	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		For the year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Salaries, Allowances and Bonus (Refer Note 21) Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds (Refer Note 22 (b))		400,952 29,448	445,752 23,786
	Total	=	430,400	469,538
18	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE		For the year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Depreciation		(4)	401,927
	Total	9 - 3-	2	401,927
19	OTHER EXPENSES		For the year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Rates and Taxes Professional and Consultancy		155,087 569,113	2,411,699 84,425
	Auditors' Remuneration Statutory Audit Fees Out of Pocket Expenses Insurance		300,000 11,400 7,290	200,000 7,200 8,813
	Bad Debts written off 351	,286 ,002)	335,284 -	- 29,160
	Bank Charges Office Expenses		456 6,458	1,891 73,487
	Total	,	1,385,088	2,816,675





IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

20

Earnings per Equity Share	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Profit for the year (in Rupees)	5,144,156	926,055
Weighted average number of Equity Shares	8,000,000	8,000,000
Nominal Value of Shares (in Rupees)	10	10
Earnings per Equity Share (Nominal value per share Rs. 10		
each) Basic and Diluted	0.64	0.12

Prior Period Item:

The Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
	Rupees	Rupees
Employee Benefit Expenses		45,000
Total		45,000

a) Short Term Employee Benefits:

Unutilised leave balance that accrues to employees as at the year end is charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on an undiscounted basis. During the year ended March 31, 2016 and year ended March 31, 2015, there is no provision for leave encashment.

b) During the year, the Company has recognised the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	For the year ended	For the year ended
Particulars	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
	Rupees	Rupees
Employers Contribution to Provident Fund	20,208	20,208
Labour Welfare Fund & PF Admin Charges	9,240	3,578
Total	29,448	23,786

Contingent Liability 23

- a) Guarantees given by banks against Fixed Deposits as at March 31, 2016 are Rs NIL (Previous year Rs 73,578).
- b) Income tax matter in respect of Financial Year 2010-11 for which an appeal has been filed with Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals) on April 23, 2014 against demand notice of Rs. 2,284,370 (Previous year Rs. 2,284,370).
- c) Income tax matter in respect of Financial year 2012-13 for which an appeal has been filed with Commisioner of Income Tax (Appeals) against demand notice of Rs. 960,076(Previous year Rs. NIL).
- d) During the year, the Company has received a demand notice from Kolkata Municipal Corporation to pay additional amount of property tax of Rs. 3,416,100 and is in the process of filing an appeal against the aforesaid demand with the Kolkata Municipal Tribunal. Accordingly, this has been considered as contingent liability.

Segment Reporting:

Primary Seaments

The Business segment has been considered as the Primary Segment for disclosure. The Company is in the business of imparting vocational Training. Accordingly there are no reportable segments as per AS 17 issued by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

The Company operates in one Geographical segment namely " within India" and hence no separate information for Geographical Segment wise disclosure required.

25 Related Party Disclosure

(a) Related parties where control exists:

Nature of Relationship Holding Company

Name of the Party

TeamLease Services Limited

(b) Other Related Parties:

Key Management personnel

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli - Director

Gopal Jain - Director

Shilpa Avarsekar - Director (Appointed w.e.f 30.03.2016)

Transactions carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business

Nature of Transactions	Holding C	ompany	To	
Hattie of Transactions	Current Year	Previous Year	Current Year	Previous Year
Transactions during the year				
Advances Taken - TeamLease Services Limited				
Advances Repaid - TeamLease Services Limited	6,696,652	1,307,005	6,696,652	
Other Expenses - TeamLease Services Limited	240,000	25,080	240,000	25,080

Amount outstanding as at Balance Sheet date				
Amounts due to (Cr.)				
Short Term Borrowings - Unsecured - TeamLease		40 205 425	42.700.534	19,206,426
Services Limited	12,760,574	19,206,426	12,760,574	19,200,420





IIJT EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Notes to the Financial Statements forming part of Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016 and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

- 26 The net worth of the Company is substantially eroded due to accumulated losses as at March 31, 2016. Taking into account the commitment made by the holding company to infuse additional capital, if required, the Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared on a " Going Concern" basis.
- In view of the accumulated losses, no deferred tax asset has been considered in books of account. Considering that such deferred tax asset has not been recognised, the Company has also not recorded the timing differences in the nature of deferred tax liabilities that would be reversed and reduce such deferred tax asset in future.
- 28 Previous year's figures have been reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform with current period's classification.

The attached notes 1 to 28 to the financial statements form an integral part of the financial statements.

For Price Waterhouse Chartered Accountants LLP Firm Registration No. - 012754N/N500016

Arvind Daga Partner

Membership No: 108290

Place : Bangalore Date: May 23, 2016 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director DIN: 00151814

Director

DIN: 00005597

V- vilmana Vishwanathan Venkataraman Company Secretary CSN: 7078

Place : Bangalore Date : May 23, 2016





No. 461, 'Prasanna Villas' Ground Floor, 2nd Cross, 4th Block, HBR Layout 1st Phase, Bengaluru - 560 043. Tel: 080 - 25447345

E-mail: gnaneshwarmb@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO
THE MEMBERS
INDIA TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY SKILLS EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **INDIA TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY SKILLS EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31St March, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.





We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2016, and its Loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section 11 of section 143 of the Act, and on the basis of such checks of the books and records of the Company as we considered appropriate and according to the information and explanations given to us, we give in the Annexure B a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.



- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The company does not have any pending litigations which would impact the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts as at March 31, 2016.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2016.

BENGALURU

For Gnaneshwar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 008544S

Ghaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No: 207475

Place: Bangalore Date: May 18, 2016



Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of India Tourism and Hospitality Skills Education Private Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Gnaneshwar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 008544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No: 207475

Place: Bangalore Date: May 18, 2016



Annexure B to Independent Auditor's Report

The annexure referred to in our report to the members of India Tourism and Hospitality Skills Education Private Limited for the year ended on 31st March 2016. We report that:

- (i) The Company does not have any Fixed Assets. Accordingly, the provisions of clauses (i) of the Order are not applicable.
- (ii) The Company is a service Company, primarily rendering education, and skills up gradation, hospitality and tourism. Accordingly, it does not hold any tangible inventories. Thus, clause (ii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (iii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clauses (iii) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act 2013 in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security.
- (v) The company has not accepted any deposits during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (v) are not applicable.
- (vi) To the best of our knowledge and belief, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of services carried out by the Company. Accordingly, the provisions of clause (vi) are not applicable.

(vii)

- a) Undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, sales-tax, wealth tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues applicable to it have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amounts payable in respect thereof were outstanding at the year- end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
- b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of wealth tax, service tax, custom duty, excise duty and cess which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not borrowed any amount from any financial institutions, banks or debenture holders during the year. Accordingly the provisions of clause (viii) of the order are not applicable.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of clause (ix) of the order are not applicable to Company.

BENGALURU



- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed, and the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company, or on the Company by its officers, or employees, has been noticed, or reported during the year.
- (xi) Based upon the audit procedures performed, and the information and explanations given by the management, the provisions of clause (xi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (xii) In our opinion, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore the provisions of clause (xii) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion, all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Companies Act, 2013 and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) The provisions of clause (xiv) of the order are not applicable to the Company, and hence not commented upon.
- (xv) Based upon the audit procedures performed, and the information and explanations given by the Company, the provisions of clause (xv) of the order are not applicable to the Company as the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with Directors or persons connected with him and hence not commented upon.
- (xvi) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and accordingly, the provisions of clause (xvi) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

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For Gnaneshwar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 008544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No: 207475

Place: Bangalore Date: May 18, 2016

India Tourism and Hospitality Skills Education Private Limited

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016

(Amount In Rs.)

Particulars	Note No	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Shareholder's Funds			
Share Capital	2 3	1,00,000	1,00,000
Reserves and Surplus	3	(24,15,781)	(22,99,024
Non-Current Liabilities			
Long-term borrowings	4	23,33,637	22,29,713
Current Liabilities			
Other current liabilities	5	18,313	43,000
Total		36,169	73,689
II.Assets			
Non-current assets			
Miscellaneous Expenditure (to the extent not written off)	6	-	47,320
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	36,169	26,369
Total		36,169	73,689

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date

BENGALURU

For Gnaneshwar & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. - 008544S

Place : Bangalore Date : / 8 - 05

Graneshwar M B Proprietor Membership No.207475

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

1-13

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director

DIN: 00151814

Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai Director

DIN:00005571

Place : Bangalore Date : 18-05-

India Tourism and Hospitality Skills Education Private Limited

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2016

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	Note No	For the Year Ended March 31, 2016	For the Year Ended March 31, 2015
Revenue			
I. Revenue from operations			
II. Other Income III. Total Revenue (I +II)			
, , ,			
Expenses: Employee benefit expenses		-	a
Depreciation and amortization expense Other expenses	8	1,16,757	81,240
Total Expenses		1,16,757	81,240
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax		(1,16,757)	(81,240)
Profit before Tax		(1,16,757)	(81,240)
Tax expense:			
(1) Current Tax (2) Deferred Tax		5	
Profit(Loss) from the period from continuing operations		(1,16,757)	(81,240)
Profit/(Loss) for the Period/Year		(1,16,757)	(81,240)
Earning per equity share:	12		
Basic & Diluted		(11,68)	(8.12)
Wt. Avg Number of Shares		10,000	10,000

The Notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements

1-13

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date

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For Gnaneshwar & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. - 0085445

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor Membership No.207475

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

Director DIN: 00151814 Director DIN:00005571

Place : Bangalore Date : 18 0 5

Place : Bangalore Date : 18-05

India Tourism and Hospitality Skills Education Private Limited Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2016

		For the Year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
A	Cash flow from Operating Activities: Net Profit / (Loss) before Tax	(1,16,757)	(81,240)
	Adjustments for : Preliminary Expenses	47,320	23,660
	Operating Profit / (Loss) before working capital changes	(69,437)	(57,580)
	Adjustment for changes in working capital: Increase in other Long Term Borrowings (Decrease) / Increase in other current liabilities	1,03,924 (24,687)	44.580 26.146
	Cash used in operations Taxes Paid	9,800	13,146
	Net cash used in Operating Activities (A)	9,800	13,146
В	Cash flow from Investing Activities:		
	Net cash generated from / (Used in) Investing Activities (B)	2	· ·
С	Cash flow from Financing Activities :		
	Net cash (used in) / generated from Financing Activities (C)	20	74
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	9,800	13,146
	Cash and Cash Equivalent at the beginning of the period/year	36,169	13,223
	Cash and Cash Equivalent at the end of the period/year	45,969	26,369
	Cash and Cash Equivalent comprises of Balances with Banks - Current Account	36,169	26,369
	Cash and Cash Equivalent at the end of the period/year	36,169	26,369

Notes

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1 The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Accounting Standard-3 on 2 Previous year figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the current year classification. 3 The notes are integral part of the Financial Statements.

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Gnaneshwar & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. -

- 0085445

Gnaneshwar M B Proprietor Membership No.207475 BENGALURU For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

Director DIN: 00151814

Director DIN:00005571

Place: Bangalore
Date: 18-05-2016

Place: Bangalore
Date: 18-05-2016

INDIA TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY SKILLS EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

Note 1

1. Background of the company

INDIA TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY SKILLS EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED was incorporated on 28th June 2011. The Company has been set up to render education, skills up gradation and improve hospitality, tourism and related areas, either directly or indirectly, through own centers, joint ventures, franchisees,

authorised partners etc.

Significant accounting policies

i. Basis for preparation of Accounts:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on historical cost basis of accounting. The company adopts the accrual system of accounting and the financial statements conform with the generally accepted accounting

principles prevailing in India and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

ii. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as on the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reported period. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual

results could differ from these estimates.

iii. Taxes on Income

a. Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year. Provision for taxation for the period is ascertained on the basis of assessable profits computed in accordance with the

provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

b. Deferred tax is recognised, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax asset, on timing

difference being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period

and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods.

Page 1 of 2

India Tourism Hospitality Skills Education Private Limited, CIN: U80900MH2011PTC219217 6th Floor, BMTC Commercial Complex, 80Ft Road, Koramangala, Bangalore – 560 095

Ph: 080-33002345 Fax: 080-33243001 www.teamlease.com

INDIA TOURISM AND HOSPITALITY SKILLS EDUCATION PRIVATE LIMITED Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

iv. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

All known liabilities wherever material are provided for and liabilities which are material and whose future outcome cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty are treated as contingent and disclosed by way of notes on accounts.

A provision is recognized when an enterprise has present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

v. Earnings per Share

In determining the earnings per share, the company considers the net profit after tax. The number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

vi. Impairment of Assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of assets exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is charged to Profit and Loss Account in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The recoverable amount is greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the present value. A previously recognized impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances.



India Tourism and Hospitality Skills Education Private Limited NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2016

II. NOTES ON ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED March 31, 2016

2. SHARE CAPITAL

	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Authorized 5,00,000 (previous year: NIL) Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	50,00,000	50,00,000
	50,00,000	50,00,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up 10,000 (previous year: NIL) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid up	1,00,000	1,00,000
	1,00,000	1,00,000

2.1 Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company has not declared and pays any dividends in the current year.

2.2 Details of shares held by the shareholders holding more than 5% of the spulty Shares of Rs.10 each	As at 31 March,	2016	As at 31st March, 2	015
Name of the shareholder	Number of Shares	% holdina	Number of Shares	% holding
TeamLease Services Limited (Formerly Known as TeamLease Services Pyt Ltd) Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli - On behalf of TeamLease Services Limited	9,999	99.99 0.01	9,999	99 99 0 01
	10,000	100.00	10,000	100.00

2.3 The reconciliation of the number of equity shares outstanding a Particulars	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Number of shares as at the beginning Add: Shares allotted/Buy back during the period/year	10,000	10,000
Number of shares as at the end	10,000	10,000

3. RESERVES AND SURPLUS	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Surplus- Opening Balance Add: Net profit /(Loss) after tax transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss Amount available for appropriation	(22,99,024) (1,16,757) (24,15,781)	(22,17,784) (81,240) (22,99,024)
Delegan and the Cod of the period/good	(24.15.781)	(22.99.024)

Surplus- Opening Balance Add: Net profit /(Loss) after tax transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss Amount available for appropriation	(22,99,024) (1,16,757) (24,15,781)	(22,17,784) (81,240) (22,99,024)
Balance as at the End of the period/year	(24,15,781)	(22,99,024)
Total	(24,15,781)	(22,21,324)

4. LONG TERM BORROWINGS

7. CONG 1501 1501	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Advance from Related Parties: TeamLease Services Limited	23,33,637	22,29,713
Total	23,33,637	22,29,713

5. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

5. OTHER CORRECT ELABLETTES	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Gnaneshwar & Co Provision for Outstanding Expenses TDS on Consultancy	13,063 5,250	28,500 14,500
Total	18,313	43,000

6. MISCELLANEOUS EXPENDITURE (TO THE EXTENT NOT WRITTEN OFF)	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Preliminary Expenses	.4	47,320
Total		47,320

7. CASH AND BANK BALANCES	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Cash And Cash Equivalents (a) Balances with banks In Current Accounts	36,169	26,369
(b) Cash in Hand	36,169	26,369

8. OTHER EXPENSES	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2016	For the Year Ended March 31, 2015
Rates & Taxes -Others Audir Remuneration (Refer Note 8.1) Preliminary Expenses Written off Consultancy Fees	9,424 37,213 47,320 22,800	29,080 28,500 23,660
Total	1,16,757	81,240





8.1 Auditor's Remuneration

	(Amount in Rs.)	(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	For the Year Ended March 31, 2016	For the Year Ended March 31, 2015
Audit Fees- Statutory Audit fee	37,213	28,500
Total	37,213	28,500

9. Related Party Disclosure

A) Name of Related Party and Nature of Relation ship

Nature of Relation Ship	
Holding Company	
Director	
Director	
B.1. 23(5)	
	Holding Company Director

B) Related Party Transactions

Particulars	Holding Company	
1) Transactions During The Period/Year	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Other Expense Shairing	22,000	44,580
2) Balance Outstanding at the end of the Period/Year		
Advances (Inclusive of Other Exp Sharing)	22,84,213	22,29,713

No amount is/have been written off or writen back during the period/year in respect of debts due from or to related Parties.

10. DUES TO MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES

There are no dues to Micro and Small enterprises as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. The above information regarding micro and small enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the Auditors.

11. TAXES ON INCOME

In view of the losses incurred by the Company, no deferred tax asset has been considered in books of account. Considering that such deferred tax asset has not been recognised, the Company has also not recorded the timing differences in the nature of deferred tax liabilities that would be reversed and reduce such deferred tax asset in future.

12. EARNING PER SHARE

computed as under

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2015
Net Profit/ Loss after tax Weighted Average Number of equity Shares outstanding (Basic / Diluted (Nos) Earning Per Share (Basic & Diluted) Nominal Value of Equity	(1,16,757) 10,000 (11.68) 10	(81,240 10,000 (8-12 10

13. PREVIOUS YEAR FIGURES

Previous period/year figures has been re-grouped whereever necessary

For Gnaneshwar & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 0085445

Ghaneshwar M B Proprietor

Membership No.207475

Place Bangalore

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director

DIN: 00151814

Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

Director

DIN:00005571

Place Bangalore
Date 18-05-2016



No. 461, 'Prasanna Villas' Ground Floor, 2nd Cross, 4th Block, HBR Layout 1st Phase, Bengaluru - 560 043. Tel: 080 - 25447345

E-mail: gnaneshwarmb@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO

THE MEMBERS
National Employability Apprenticeship Services

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **National Employability Apprenticeship Services** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31St March, 2016, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made there under.

GNANESHWAR & CO.,

Chartered Accountants

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31St March, 2016, and its Loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.



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GNANESHWAR & CO.,

Chartered Accountants

- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in Annexure A.
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The company does not have any pending litigations which would impact the financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts as at March 31, 2016.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2016.
- h) The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section 11 of section 143 of the Act is not applicable during the year.

For Gnaneshwar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 008544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No: 207475

Place: Bangalore



Annexure A to Independent Auditor's Report

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of National Employability Apprenticeship Services ("the Company") as of March 31, 2016 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.





Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Gnaneshwar & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 008544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No: 207475

Place: Bangalore

NATIONAL EMPLOYABILITY APPRENTICESHIP SERVICES Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016

	Notes	As at March 31, 2016 Rupees	As at March 31, 2015 Rupees
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		Nupces	Nupces
Shareholders' Funds			
Share Capital	2	1,00,000	1,00,000
Reserves and Surplus	3	(2,28,592)	(64,386)
Non-Current Liabilities			
Other Long Term Liabilities	4	2,41,156	1,08,750
Current Liabilities			
Other Current Liabilities	5	12,686	22,636
Total		1,25,250	1,67,000
II.Assets Non-Current Assets			
Miscellaneous Expenses (to the extent not written off)	6	1,25,250	1,67,000
Total		1,25,250	1,67,000

Significant Accounting Policies

1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Gnaneshwar & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 008544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No.207475

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director

DIN: 00151814

Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

Director

DIN:00005571

Place: Bangalore

Date: September 1, 2016

Place: Bangalore

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2016

		For the ye	ar ended
	Notes	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Revenue		Rupees	Rupees
Revenue from Operations		_	
Other Income		<u>_</u>	
Total Revenue			
<u>Expenses</u>			
Preliminary Expenses written off	7	41,750	41,750
Other Expenses	8	1,22,456	11,400
Total Expenses		1,64,206	53,150
Profit / (Loss) before Tax		(1,64,206)	(53,150)
Tax Expense		·	
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(1,64,206)	(53,150)
Earning Per Equity Share			
Basic and Diluted		(1.64)	(0.53)
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Stat	ements.		

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

For Gnaneshwar & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 00\$544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No.207475

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

ARARA V

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

Director

Director

DIN:00151814

DIN:00005571

Place: Bangalore

Date: September 1, 2016

Place: Bangalore

NATIONAL EMPLOYABILITY APPRENTICESHIP SERVICES Cash Flow Statement For The Year Ended March 31, 2016

		For the Year Ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the Year Ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
Α	Cash flow from Operating Activities:		
	Profit/(Loss) before Tax	(1,64,206)	(53,150)
	Adjustments for :		
	Operating income before working capital changes	(1,64,206)	(53,150)
	Changes in working capital:		
	Increase in long-term liabilities	1,32,406	11,400
	Decrease in Other Current Liabilities	(9,950)	-
	(Increase)/Decrease in other non-current assets	41,750	41,750
	Cash generated from operations		-
	Taxes (paid) / refunded (net)		-
	Net cash generated from Operating Activities (A)		
В	Cash flow from Investing Activities:		
	Net cash (used in) investing activities (B)	-	
C	Cash flow from Financing Activities:		
	Net cash (used in) Financing Activities (C)		
	Net increase /(decrease) in Cash and Cash equivalents		×
	(A+B+C)	-	*
	Cash and Cash equivalent at the beginning of the year		
	Cash and Cash equivalent at the end of the year		
	Cash and Cash equivalent comprises of		
	Cash on hand	1=1	-
	Cheques on Hand	<u> </u>	-
	Balances with Banks*		
	In Fixed Deposit Accounts		-
	In Current Accounts	* 3	
	Cash and Cash Equivalent at the end of the year		
	the state of the s		

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date

BENGALURU

For Gnaneshwar & Co **Chartered Accountants**

Firm Registration No. - 008544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No.207475

Place: Bangalore

Date: September 1. 2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director DIN:00151814 Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

Director DIN:00005571

Place: Bangalore Date: September 1, 2016

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

As At SHARE CAPITAL As At March 31, 2015 March 31, 2016 Rupees Rupees **Authorised** 50,00,000 50,00,000 500,000 (previous year: 500,000) Equity shares of Rs.10 each 50,00,000 50,00,000 Issued, Subscribed and Paid-Up 10,000 (previous year: 10,000) Equity Shares of Rs. 10 each 1,00,000 1,00,000 fully paid up 1,00,000 1,00,000

2.1 Reconciliation of the number shares

	As at March 31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015
Equity Shares	Number of Shares	Number of Shares
Balance as at the beginning of the year		-
Add: Shares allotted during the year	10,000	10,000
Balance as at the end of the year	10,000	10,000

2.2 Rights, Preferences and restrictions attached to shares

Equity Shares: The company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs.10 per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend.

2.3 Shares held by Holding Company

	As at March 3	31, 2016	As at March 31, 2015		
Equity Shares	Number of Shares	Rupees	Number of Shares	Rupees	
TeamLease Services Limited	9,999	99,990	9,999	99,990	
Total	9,999	99,990	9,999	99,990	

2.4 Details of shares held by the shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company.

	As at March	31, 2016	As at March 31,	2015
	Number of Shares	% holding	Number of Shares	% holding
TeamLease Services Limited	9,999	99.99	9,999	99.99
Total	9,999	99.99	9,999	99.99

- 2.5 There are no shares reserved for issue under options.
- 2.6 There are no shares alloted as fully paid up pursuant to contact(s) without payment being received in cash during the period of five years immediately preceding the financial year ended March 31, 2016.
- 2.7 There are no shares bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the financial year ended March 31, 2016.
- 2.8 There are no securities that are convertible into equity / preference shares.







Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

3	RESERVES & SURPLUS	As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Balance in Profit and Loss Account Opening Balance of Profit / (Loss) Add: Profit / (Loss) for the year	(64,386) (1,64,206)	(11,236) (53,150)
	Total	(2,28,592)	(64,386)
4	Other Long Term Liabilities	As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
	TeamLease Services Limited	2,41,156	1,08,750
	Total	2,41,156	1,08,750
5	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES	As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Sundry Creditors	12,686	22,636
	Total	12,686	22,636
6	MISCELLANEOUS EXPENSES (To the extent not written off)	As At	As At
		March 31, 2016 Rupees	March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Preliminary Expenses	1,25,250	1,67,000
	Total	1,25,250	1,67,000
7	Preliminary Expenses written off	As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Preliminary Expenses	41,750	41,750
	Total	41,750	41,750
8	OTHER EXPENSES	As At March 31, 2016 Rupees	As At March 31, 2015 Rupees
	Audit Fees Legal & Professional Services	11,450 1,11,006	11,400
	Total	1,22,456	11,400

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Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

9 DUES TO MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES

There are no dues to Micro and Small enterprises as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium

10 TAXES ON INCOME

In view of the losses incurred by the Company, no deferred tax asset has been considered in books of account. Considering that such deferred tax asset has not been recognised, the Company has also not recorded the timing differences in the nature of deferred tax liabilities that would be reversed and reduce such deferred tax asset in future.

11 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE

A) Related parties where control exists

Nature of Relationship

Holding Company

Teamlease Services Limited

B) Related Party Transactions

Nature of Transaction	Holding Company		
Nature of Transaction	2015-16 2014-15		
TeamLease Services Limited Reimbursement of Expenses	1,32,406	1,08,750	
Outstanding Balances TeamLease Services Limited	2,41,156	1,08,750	

Related Parties have been identified by the management and relied up on by the Auditors. No amount is/have been written off or writen back during the year in respect of debts due from or to related Parties.

12 Previous Year Figures

Figures of previous year have been regrouped, re-arranged and reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the Current Period's Classification.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these Financial Statements.

Signatures to Note Number 1 to 12 forming part of the Financial Statements.

For Gnaneshwar & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. - 008544S

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No.207475

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director

DIN:00151814

Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

Director

DIN:00005571

Place: Bangalore

Date :

Place: Bangalore

Date:

Significant Accounting Policies for the year ended 31st March, 2016

Company Overview

NATIONAL EMPLOYABILITY APPRENTICESHIP SERVICES is a Section 25 Company (Sec 8 Company under the Company Act, 2013) incorporated on 13th February 2013. It is aimed at enhancing employability and provides a large scale platform for overcoming the current challenges of the Apprenticeship Act, Unemployed youth to build skills through Learning by doing and Learning while earning, Provide them with access to practical skills and build a matching infrastructure which connects the youth with the corporate skill requirements. It is a Public Private Partnership of Teamlease Skills University, CII, and NSDC under the National Employability Enhancement Mission of the Ministry of HRD (AICTE).

1. Significant accounting policies

i. Basis for preparation of Accounts:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on historical cost basis of accounting. The company adopts the accrual system of accounting and the financial statements conform with the generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in India and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and other relevant applicable provisions of Companies Act, 1956.

ii. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as on the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reported period. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

iii. Taxes on Income

a. Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year. Provision for taxation for the period is ascertained on the basis of assessable profits computed in accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.



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Significant Accounting Policies for the year ended 31st March, 2016

b. Deferred tax is recognised, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax asset, on timing difference being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods.

iv. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

All known liabilities wherever material are provided for and liabilities which are material and whose future outcome cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty are treated as contingent and disclosed by way of notes on accounts.

A provision is recognized when an enterprise has present obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

All other expense to be observed by the Parent company i.e. TeamLease Services Limited.

v. Earnings per Share

In determining the earnings per share, the company considers the net profit after tax. The number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

vi Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

vii. Preliminary expenses

Preliminary expenses comprise of expenditure incurred in connection with the incorporation of the Company and the same will be written off over a period of 5 years.







Significant Accounting Policies for the year ended 31st March, 2016

viii. Impairment of Assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of assets exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is charged to Profit and Loss Account in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The recoverable amount is greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the present value. A previously recognized impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in circumstances.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Neduruman Nodel N

Sudhir Bahadur Bajpai

5.13.19011

Director Director

Place: Bangalore

TeamLease Education Foundation

Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2016

(Amount In Rs.) As at March 31, 2016 As at March 31, 2015 **Particulars** Note No I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Shareholder's Funds 1,00,000 (1,84,88,103) 1,00,000 (1,87,30,600) Share Capital 3 Reserves and Surplus Non Current Liabilities Long Term borrowings 21,25,34,707 15,52,46,974 5 **Current Liabilities** 1,10,94,092 20,21,191 6 Other current liabilities 20,52,40,696 13,86,37,565 Total II.Assets Non-current assets 3,00,00,000 Non Current Investment 12,63,93,592 Long term loans and advances Other Non Current Assets 16,50,89,439 63,240 Current assets Cash and bank balances Other current assets 35,55,026 86,25,707 10 1,01,51,257 11

Total

TeamLease

The Notes forms an integral part of the Financial Statements

1-21

This is the Balance Sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For Gnaneshwar & Co

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. - 008544S

Ghaneshwar M B

Proprietor Membership No.207475

Place : Bangalore Date : 16 - 66

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director DIN: 00151814

Manish Sabharwal

13,86,37,565

Director DIN: 00969601

20,52,40,696

Place : Bangalore Date : / O - O C

TeamLease Education Foundation

Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31, 2016

(Amount in Rs.)

		(Minount in No.
Note No	For the Year Ended March 31, 2016	For the Year Ended March 31, 2015
12	27,05,000	
13	1,30,05,165	60,31,179
	A 1,57,10,165	60,31,179
14	2,60,359	13,86,490
15	1,00,33,036	29,48,543
16	51,17,187	6,04,612
	B 1,54,10,582	49,39,645
A-B	2,99,583	10,91,534
	57,086	2,07,992
	2,42,497	8,83,542
17	24.25	88.35
	12 13 14 15 16 A-B	March 31, 2016 12

The Notes forms an integral part of the Financial Statements

1-21

This is the Statement of Profit and Loss referred to in our report of even date.

Education

TeamLea

For Gnaneshwar & Co Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No - 008544S

Gnaneshwar M B Proprietor Membership No.207475

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director DIN: 00151814

Manish Sabharwal Director DIN : 00969601

Place : Bangalore Date : 6 - 0 - 2016

Place :Banglaore Date :/6 - 6 &

TeamLease Education Foundation Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2016

	ish Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2016	For the year ended March 31, 2016 Rupees	For the year ended March 31, 2015 Rupees
Α	Cash flow from Operating Activities: Profit before Tax	2,42,497	10,91,534
	Adjustments for: Preliminary Expenses Written off Interest Income on loan to related parties Interest Income on others Interest on Income Tax Refund	63,240 (99,56,138) (30,33,163) (21,049)	31,620 (28,35,505) (31,82,400) (13,274)
	Operating Profit / (Loss) before working capital changes	(1,27,04,613)	(49,08,025)
	Adjustment for changes in working capital:		
	(Decrease) / Increase in other current liabilities (Increase) / Decrease in long term loans and advances (Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets (Increase) / Decrease in Non current Asset	90,72,901 (3,86,95,847) (15,25,550) (3,00,00,000)	71,026 (8,24,47,525) (60,15,205)
	Cash used in operations Taxes Paid	(7,38,53,109)	(25,45,274)
	Net cash used in Operating Activities (A)	(7,38,53,109)	(25,45,274)
В	Cash flow from Investing Activities:		
	Interest Income on loan to related parties Interest Income on others Interest on Income Tax Refund Net cash generated from / (used in) Investing Activities (B)	99,56,138 30,33,163 21,049 1,30,10,350	28,35,505.00 31,82,400.00 13,274 60,31,179
С	Cash flow from Financing Activities : Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	5,72,87,733 5,72,87,733	9,07,54,455 9,07,54,455
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(35,55,026)	9,42,40,360
	Cash and Cash Equivalent at the beginning of the year	35,55,026	69,121
	Cash and Cash Equivalent at the end of the year	(0.00)	35,55,026
	Cash and Cash Equivalent comprises of Balances with Banks - Current Account	*	35,55,026
	Cash and Cash Equivalent at the end of the year	176	35,55,026

Notes

- 1 The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Accounting Standard-3 on "Cash Flow Statements".
- 2 Previous year's figures have been regrouped and reclassified wherever necessary to conform to the current year classification.

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3 The notes are integral part of the Financial Statements.

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For Gnaneshwar & Co Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 1008544S

Gnaneshwar M B

Proprietor

Membership No.207475

Place: Bangalore
Date: 10-06-2016

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Ashok Kumar Nedurumalli

Director

DIN: 00151814

Cashin.N

Manish Sabharwa

Director

DIN: 00969601

Place: Bangalore Date: 6-06, 2016

TeamLease Education Foundation

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2016

3. SHARE CAPITAL

	(Amount in Rs.)
As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15
1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
1,00,000	1,00,000
1,00,000	1,00,000
	31-Mar-16 1,00,00,000 1,00,00,000 1,00,000

3.1. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company has not declared any dividend in the current year.

 3.2. Details of shares held by the shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company.

 Equity Shares of Rs.10 each
 As at 31-Mar-2016
 As at 31-Mar-2015

 Name of the shareholder
 Number of Shares
 % holding
 Number of Shares

 TeamLease Services Limited (including its nominees)
 10,000
 100.00%
 10,000
 100.00%

 10,000
 10,000
 100.00%
 10,000
 100.00%

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15
Number of shares as at the beginning of the year Add/(Less): Shares allotted/Bought back during the year	10,000	10,000
Number of shares as at the end of the year	10,000	10,000

4. RESERVES AND SURPLUS

		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15
Surplus- Opening Balance Add: Net profit after tax transferred from Statement of Profit and Loss	(1,87,30,600) 2,42,497	(1,96,14,142) 8,83,542
Balance as at the end of the year	(1,84,88,103)	(1,87,30,600)

5. LONG TERM BORROWINGS

	(Amount in Rs.)		
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15	
Loans and advances from related parties			
Unsecured			
- TeamLease Services Limited	21,25,34,707	15,52,46,974	
Total	21,25,34,707	15,52,46,974	

6. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		(Amount in Rs.)	
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15	
Sundry Creditors for Expenses (Note 6.A)	42,05,232	15,14,862	
Book Overdraft	60,30,645	:3	
Provision for Outstanding Expenses	40,075	14	
Duties & Taxes	8,18,140	5,06,329	
Total	1,10,94,092	20,21,191	

6.A Sundry Creditors for Expenses		(Amount in Rs.)		
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15		
Mirage Designers & Printers	252	252		
Deccan Manpower Services Pvt Ltd	18,384	18,384		
Excel Soft Technologies Private Limited	/ E:	14,58,517		
Srinidhi Office Automation	1,309	1,309		
Gnaneshwar & Co	(()	36,400		
Sattva Media and Consulting Pvt Ltd	11,54,725			
TeamLease Services Limited	30,30,562			
Total	42,05,232	15,14,862		

7.NON CURRENT INVESTMENT

	(Amount in Rs.)		
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15	
Investment in Controlled Special purpose entity		Controller Section 1	
- TeamLease Skills University	3,00,00,000	8	
Total	3,00,00,000	18	

8. LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES

(Amount in		(Amount in Rs.)
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15
Loans and Advances to Related Party		
Unsecured considered Good		
TeamLease Skills University	16,50,62,391	9,63,93,592
TeamLease Contract Services Pvt Ltd	13,524	*
Loans and Advances to Others		
TeamLease Consulting Pvt Ltd	13,524	5.
Security Deposits (Considered Good)		
Deposit with Gujarat State Financial Services Ltd		3,00,00,000
Total	16,50,89,439	12,63,93,592

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9.OTHER NON CURRENT ASSETS

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15
Preliminary Expenses	63,240	94,860
Less : Preliminary Exp written off	(63,240)	(31,620)
Total		63,240

10. CASH AND BANK BALANCES

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15
Cash And Cash Equivalents Balances with banks In Current Accounts	-	35,55,026
Total	•	35,55,026

11. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

(Amount in Rs.)

		(Alliount in Ks.)	
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-16	As at 31-Mar-15	
Interest receivable	81,97,103	80,24,397	
TDS Receivable	15,58,448	5,90,751	
Prepaid Expenses	7,859	10,559	
Sevice Tax Input	3,87,847	- 41	
Total	1,01,51,257	86,25,707	

12. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

(Amount in Rs.)

Particulars	For the year Ended 31-Nar-16	For the year Ended 31-Mar-15
Income From Skills	27,05,000	
Total	27,05,000	60,31,179

13. OTHER INCOME

(Amount III F		(Amount in RS.)
Particulars	For the year Ended 31-Mar-16	For the year Ended 31-Mar-15
Interest Income on loan to related parties	98,87,324	28,35,505
Interest Income on others	30,96,790	31,82,400
Interest on Income Tax Refund	21,051	13,274
Total	1,30,05,165	60,31,179

14. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES

(Amoun		(Amount in RS.)
Particulars	For the year Ended 31-Mar-16	For the year Ended 31-Mar-15
Salaries	1,28,000	12,50,901
Leave Encashment	=:	1,20,643
Staff Welfare Expenses	1,32,359	14,946
Total	2,60,359	13,86,490

15. FINANCE COSTS

(Amount in Rs.)

	(Amount in Rs.)				
Particulars	For the year Ended 31-Mar-16	For the year Ended 31-Mar-15			
Interest Expenses	1,00,33,036	29,48,369			
Bank Charges		174			
Total	1,00,33,036	29,48,543			

16. OTHER EXPENSES

	(Amount in Rs.)					
Particulars	For the year Ended 31-Mar-16	For the year Ended 31-Mar-15				
Rates & Taxes	65,178	10,580				
Traveling and Conveyance	1,05,498	17,992				
Auditors Remuneration (Refer 16.1 below)	40,075	39,900				
Communication costs	5,10,445	10,693				
Legal and professional fees	6,16,446	4,51,613				
Advertisement and Business Promotion	80,009	16,637				
Printing & Stationery	2,23,168	2,581				
Repairs & Maintenance	2,27,894	20,060				
Subscription & Membership	2,700	2,700				
Preliminary Expenses Written off	63,240	31,620				
Interest on late payment of TDS	150	236				
Insurance Charges	6,064	a l				
Postage & Courier	4,28,435					
Books & Periodicals	23	=				
Registration Charges	5,00,000	=				
Channel Partner	40,115					
Hire Charges	11,399	=				
Salary Contract	60,121	₩				
Training Expenses - ILS	21,27,585					
Miscellaneous Expenses	8,792	X				
Total	51,17,187	6,04,612				

16.1 Auditor's Remuneration

10.1 Auditor 5 Remaindration	(Amount in Rs.)					
Particulars	For the year Ended 31-Mar-16	For the year Ended 31-Mar-15				
Statutory Audit Fees	40,075	39,900				
Total	40,075	39,900				

17. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	For the year Ended 31-Mar-16	ed For the year Ended		
Net Frolit after tay for the year Weighted Average Number of equity Shares outstanding	2,42,497	8,83,542		
(Basic / Diluted (Nos) Earning Per Share (Basic & Diluted) Normal Value of Equity Share	10,000 24,25	10,000 88 35		

18. Related Party Disclosure

A) Names of Related Parties and Nature of Relationship

1_{||} Where Control Exists Holding Company: TeamLease Services Limited (TLSL)

Citizer Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place during the veer
 Name of the related party
 Name of the related party
 Enterprise ever which key management persachnel are able to exercise
 samileant influence
 Controlled Special burgloss entity
 TeamLease Skills University(TLSU)

B) Related Party Transactions

Nature of Transactions/ Balances	Name of Related Party	Holding Company		Enterprise over which key management personnel are able to exercise significant influence		Controlled Special purpose entity		Total	
		31-Mar-16	31-Har-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-15	31-Mar-16	31-Mar-15
Jransectons duting the year; Loan Received from Related Parties	TLSL	5,95 00,130	8,05,64,207	-	*1	187	55	5,95,00,130	8,05 64 20
Interest Expenses on Loan	TLSL	1,00,33,036	29.48.369	=	10	Wil	- 11	1,00,33,036	29,48,369
Training Expenses	TLSL	10,57,540		-			1.1	10,57,540	
Other Expenses Paid	TLSL	24 14 157	3,28 68 509	× .			194	24 14 157	3,28,68,50
Interest Free ICD	TLSL	20.	3,91,60,726		51	229	12	2.	3,91,60,726
Interest on Loan Paid during the year	TLSL	1 29 81 405			60		- 1	1 29 81 405	100
Interest on Loan	TLSU	25	12	· ·	33	98,67,324	28,35,505	98.67.324	28,35,505
Loans and advances given to related parties	TLSU TCSPL		1	13.524	8	8,67,81,475	9,35 58 087	8.87,81,475 13,524	9,35,56,067
Balances oustanding as at the year end; Loans and advances from related party Loans and advances to related party Loans and advances to related party	TLSL TLSU TCSPL	6,00,23,458	15,55,41,611	13.524	58	9,86,68,799	9,63,93 592	6,00,23,458 9 86 68 799 13,524	15,55,41,811 9,63,93,592

No amount has been written off or writen back during the year in respect of debts due from or to Related Parties

Education

TeamLease"

BENGALURU

19. DUES TO MICRO AND SMALL ENTERPRISES

There are no dues to Micro and Small enterprises as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006. The above information regarding micro and small enterprises has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company. This has been relied upon by the Auditors

20. TAXES ON INCOME

In view of the losses incurred by the Company, no deferred tax asset has been considered in books of account. Considering that such deferred tax asset has not been recognised, the Company has also not recorded the timing differences in the nature of deferred tax liabilities that would be reversed and reduce such deferred tax asset in future.

21. PREVIOUS YEAR'S FIGURES
Previous year's figures have been re-grouped where the second sec

For Gnaneshwar & Co Chartered Accountants Furn Registration No. - 0085445

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For and on behalf of the Board of Directo

Cashun.N Ashok Kumar Nedurumsili Director DIN: 00151814

Manish Sabharwal Director DIN: 00969601

Place: Bangalore
Date: 10-66-2014

Place: Bangalore
Date: 10 - 06 - 2016

TEAMLEASE EDUCATION FOUNDATION

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2016

CIN: U80903MH2011NPL219138

Note 1 & 2

1. Background of the company

TEAMLEASE EDUCATION FOUNDATION is a Section 25 Company incorporated on 27th June 2011. The objective of the Company is to promote & sponsor Educational Institutions including Universities dedicated to the inculcation of domain specific, workplace relevant and life related skills and competences for enhancing employability, work culture, enhanced productivity, economic development, social harmony and social life through offer of technology supported, industry relevant and low-cost academic Programmes with employment at the heart of academic

offerings.

2. Significant accounting policies

i. Basis for preparation of Accounts:

The Financial Statements have been prepared on historical cost basis of accounting. The company adopts the accrual system of accounting and the financial statements conform with the generally accepted accounting principles prevailing in India and the relevant provisions of the Companies

Act, 2013 and other relevant applicable provisions of Companies Act, 1956.

ii. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements requires the Management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) as on the date of the financial statements and the reported income and expenses during the reported period. Management believes that the estimates used in preparation of the financial

statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

iii. Taxes on Income

a. Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year. Provision for taxation for the period is ascertained on the basis of assessable profits computed in

accordance with the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961.

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b. Deferred tax is recognised, subject to the consideration of prudence in respect of deferred tax asset, on timing difference being the difference between taxable income and accounting income that originate in one period and are capable of reversal in one or more subsequent periods.

iv. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

All known liabilities, wherever material, are provided for and liabilities which are material

and whose future outcome cannot be ascertained with reasonable certainty are treated as

contingent and disclosed by way of notes on accounts.

A provision is recognized when an enterprise has present obligation as a result of past event,

it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, in respect of

which a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to its present value and

are determined based on best estimate required to settle the obligation at the Balance Sheet

date. These are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best

estimates.

v. Earnings per Share

In determining the earnings per share, the company considers the net profit after tax. The

number of shares used in computing basic earnings per share is the weighted average number

of shares outstanding during the period.

vi. Preliminary expenses

Preliminary expenses comprise of expenditure incurred in connection with the incorporation

of the Company and the same will be written off over a period of 5 years.

vii. Impairment of Assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date if there is any

indication of impairment based on internal / external factors. An asset is treated as impaired

when the carrying cost of assets exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is charged

to Profit and Loss Account in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The

recoverable amount is greater of the asset's net selling price and value in use. In assessing

value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to the present value. A previously

recognized impairment loss is further provided or reversed depending on changes in

circumstances.

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